

PARTICIPATION OF PALESTINE IN THE  
WORK OF THE INTERNATIONAL  
ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY

The General Conference,

- (a) Recalling General Assembly resolution 3237 (XXIX) of 22 November 1974, in which the General Assembly granted observer status to the Palestine Liberation Organization,
  - (b) Recalling General Conference resolution GC(XX)RES/334 of 23 September 1976, in which it granted observer status to the Palestine Liberation Organization within the International Atomic Energy Agency,
  - (c) Aware that Palestine is a full member of the League of Arab States, the Non-Aligned Movement, the Organization of the Islamic Conference and the Group of 77,
  - (d) Recalling General Conference decision (XXXIII)/DEC/16 of 29 September 1989, in which it decided that “Palestine” should be used instead of the “Palestine Liberation Organization”, and
  - (e) Recalling General Assembly resolution 52/250 of 7 July 1998, in which the General Assembly granted additional rights and privileges of participation to Palestine,
1. Decides to confer upon Palestine in its capacity as observer, and as set forth in the Annex to the present resolution, additional rights and privileges of participation in the work of the Agency; and
  2. Requests the Director General to inform the General Conference about the implementation of the present resolution.

## Annex

The additional rights and privileges of participation of Palestine shall be effected through the following modalities, without prejudice to the existing rights and privileges:

1. The right to participate in the General debate, and the sessions of the IAEA General Conference and the International Conferences convened under the auspices of the IAEA.
2. Without prejudice to the priority of Member States, Palestine shall have the right of inscription on the list of speakers under agenda items other than Palestinian and Middle East issues, at any meeting of the plenary; after the last Member State inscribed on the list of that meeting.
3. The right to reply.
4. The right to raise points of order related to the proceedings on Palestinian and Middle East issues, provided that the right to raise such a point of order shall not include the right to challenge the decision of the presiding officer.
5. The right to co-sponsor draft resolutions and decisions on Palestinian and Middle East issues. Such draft resolutions and decisions shall only be put to a vote upon request from a Member State.
6. The right to make interventions, with a precursory explanation or the recall of relevant IAEA resolutions and decisions being made only once by the President at the start of each session.
7. Seating for Palestine shall be arranged immediately after Non-Member States and before the other Observers, with allocation of seats similar to Member States.
8. Palestine shall not have the right to vote or to put forward candidates.

Vote by roll-call: 80 votes to 2, with 4 abstentions

In favour: Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bangladesh, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Ecuador, Egypt, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Republic of Korea, Kuwait, Latvia,

***GC(42)/RES/DEC/(1998)***

Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Mexico, Monaco, Morocco, Myanmar, Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Paraguay, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Yemen, Zimbabwe.

Against: Israel, United States of America.

Abstaining: Lithuania, Poland, Romania, Uruguay.

*25 September 1998*

*Agenda item 23*

*GC(42)/OR.10, paras 224-237*